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Stoves, Ranges, House Furnishing Goods, Cutlery, Tools, Iron Pipe, Valves and Fitting, Plumbing, Heating, Tin and Copper Work.
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TO THE HOUSEWIFE
NEW
Sunkist Dried Fruits
Ask Your Grocer for Sunkist Raisins—Seedless, Seedless and Clusters

BOND-CONNELL SHEEP AND WOOL COMPANY
SHEEP AND WOOL, HIDES AND PELTS
Office and Warehouse, Tijeras Avenue and Railroad Tracks

DRIED FRUITS
OUR NEW STOCK IS IN. THERE IS NONE BETTER PRODUCED
WARD'S STORE
HOMER H. WARD Mgr.
215 Marble Ave. Phone 298-299.

Strong Brothers Undertakers
PROMPT SERVICE. PHONE 75. STRONG BLDG., COPPER AND SECOND.

LOCAL ITEMS OF INTEREST

Herb, painter, aged, Ph. 14955.
Born, Sunday, to Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Houston, of 214 South Broadway, a daughter.
Fred Streeter and Clara Castillo, both of this city, yesterday obtained a license to marry.
A. M. Danner, the collector, left last night for El Paso on business. He will be absent several days.
The W. C. T. U. will meet this afternoon at 3 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Reynolds, 513 West Gold avenue.
Triple Link Hebrew lodge No. 10 will meet in regular session this evening at 8 o'clock in the L. O. O. F. hall.
Charles E. Jewell, tax agent for the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, with office in Los Angeles, is in the city on business connected with his office.
C. J. P. Blitner was accused from jury duty yesterday and William Zeigler, who was drawn in the special venire of thirty, was accepted in his place.
The First Ward Parents' association will meet at 7:30 o'clock this afternoon at the First ward school to discuss important business. The Second Ward association is invited to be present.
Alamo Review No. 1, Women's Beneficent association of the Alamosa, will hold a special meeting at 7:30 o'clock this afternoon at the L. O. O. F. hall. Candidates will be balloted upon and initiated.
Gen. Capt. C. H. Hensel, Division Engineer Henry Wagner and Alexander Capt. J. E. Burton, all of La Junta, visited the Santa Fe railway shops yesterday. They left on train No. 2 for La Junta.
Mr. and Mrs. Stocker were here last night on the way from the east to their home at Arcadia, Calif. They have one of the most luxurious private cars that has passed through Albuquerque.
Announcement was made yesterday by Shipt. Alonzo Moya that school district No. 15 shortly would express another teacher, the district attendance being so large that the regular instructor has to teach work.
Mr. Abraham Lincoln, No. 1, has postponed the meeting called for this afternoon until Thursday afternoon. The meeting will be held at 7:30 o'clock at the A. O. U. W. hall. There will be initiation. Light refreshments will be served.
Mrs. E. T. Carr of Kirkwood, Ind., is here on a visit to her mother. Dr. John F. Deane and Mrs. Deane, Mrs. Carr has been in Albuquerque where she attended the two exhibitions and visited the principal events.
Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Nichols, formerly of Weston, England, but now of Victoria, Canada, will speak again tonight and Thursday night at 8 o'clock in the Gospel hall, 1300 North Fourth street. Meetings are free to all. Wednesday evening at the same hall, Mrs. Nichols will give a Bible talk at the home of Mr. H. P. Blake, 730 South Alamo street.
Word was received in Albuquerque yesterday from Los Angeles announcing the death in that city the other day of John H. Danner. The old-timer of Albuquerque will remember Mr. Danner when he was connected with traffic department of the old Atlantic & Pacific railroad, with headquarters on South Second street, and later when he was the secretary of Albuquerque's first business headquarters at No. 100, 101 and 102 South Alamo street. For the last few years Mr. Danner was interested with others in the promotion of town lots at Tuleek, Calif.

ROBERT EDESON TO BE SEEN AT CRYSTAL IN GRIPPING FILM PLAY

The first Vitaphone production in which the distinguished actor Robert Edeson will be seen is a dramatization of "Mortmain," or "The Dead Hand," from the story of the same name by Arthur Train. Mr. Edeson, who portrays the name part, Mortmain, was supported by an all-star Vitaphone cast, directed by Theodore Marston under the personal supervision of J. Stuart Blackton and Albert E. Smith.
"Mortmain" is a screen story, in itself attractive because of its strong dramatic action, and the scientific and psychological elements that make of it a technical novelty. Mr. Edeson, as Mortmain, is shown being put to sleep under the influence of ether chloride, and as the drug takes effect the sensations experienced by him under its influence are shown in vivid realism. He sees his own head falling to the floor and later he is shown in a state of unconsciousness as he is carried to a hospital. The film is a gripping story, and it is during this period the supernatural leaves the body and wanders off into space. As the force of the anesthetic is spent and the soul returns to its physical habitation, Mr. Edeson receives a sensation of a severe jolt and bump. The experiences of the supernaturals during its wanderings after leaving the body make the story of "Mortmain," in which every scientific and psychological detail is pictured on the screen with startling clearness. It is a notable fact that this is the first time anything of the kind has ever been shown in pictures.
"Mortmain" is a Vitaphone quality picture in every particular, bearing the grand Blue Ribbon feature, and is remarkable in story action, presentation and photography.
"Mortmain" will be seen at the Crystal theater at matinee and night shows today and tomorrow.

PYTHIAN COMMITTEES APPOINTED TO TAKE RELIEF IN CHARGE

A meeting of Alameda lodge No. 4, Knights of Pythias, held last night a committee consisting of Mayor D. H. Boardman, C. P. French and C. J. Bernhart was appointed to cooperate with a committee appointed last week by the National Pythian committee with a view to taking charge of the relief work among Pythians in this city. Those appointed by the National committee last week were J. J. Day, C. A. McLean and R. F. Pools. The need of a general relief committee to look after the wants of deserving Pythians passing through the city who are in distress has been felt for a long time, and it is the aim of this movement to systematize the relief work in such a way as to furnish the maximum of good with the minimum of expense.
There will be a meeting of the joint committee in room 45, Harvard building, Friday night at 7:30 o'clock, at which all Pythians are invited.

HARRY K. THAW HERE WITH HIS MOTHER ON WAY TO THEIR HOME

Harry K. Thaw, who has been the center of public interest over a period of several years through the killing of pianist White and his escape from Middletown, passed through the city last night. He was accompanied by his mother. They were passengers on the Santa Fe's 6:30 train limited.
They recently were learned from people on the train and the fact that he was here spread rapidly through the crowd at the station. When Thaw got off the train and while he was in the Harvey Indian museum he was the center of many eyes. The train stayed here twenty minutes. They remained on the platform in front of the museum until the conductor called "all aboard."

'POTASH AND PERLMUTTER'

Potash and Perlmutter, the most famous clown and side laugh-masters in the world, have left their quarters in the Cuban theater, New York City, after two remarkable seasons and are making a tour of the country to the Lone Star state to millions of patrons who could not get to New York to see them. They will open up shop at the Crystal theater on Monday night, November 1, but their stay is limited to one night only. Therefore it is advisable to put in orders in advance. To accommodate the rush of buyers the box office for the sale of seats will be opened at Matson's 7:30 day at 9 a. m. A. H. Woods, who put the boys into business, is sending along with them not only all their original designs, but in fact their entire staff, including designers, models, cutters, pressmen, assemblers and even their friends and family. Their tour so far has been a triumph, and one for the boys and their friends everywhere by reputation as the fellows, so far as they are burlesque—seen business men, but with hearts of gold. Their visit will be a notable event and it is only regrettable that their stay is necessarily limited to one night only.

MADE-IN-ALBUQUERQUE WORLEY'S CITY DIRECTORY

The Worley city directory for 1916 will be printed in Albuquerque by Albright & Anderson and will be issued at the usual time. However, the information will be 227-2284 and copies of the experienced men of the Worley company. This means an efficient "Made-in-Albuquerque City Directory."

DEFENSE OF TWO RUIZES WILL BE STARTED TODAY

State Rests at End of Night Session Lasting Until 10:30 o'clock; Case Is Circumstantial.

The state indicted its case against the two Ruizes, father and son, shortly after 10:30 o'clock last night. They are accused of murdering Pedro Ruiz, whose body was found on the road to La Comoda, about a mile from that place, on the night of June 25. The defense, conducted by Judge W. C. Hancock, will begin this morning.
The state's case is based on circumstantial evidence. Witnesses for the prosecution told of finding a shell similar to some of those picked up at the spot mentioned in La Comoda, the home of Pedro and also of the Ruizes. A clerk at Blake & Mauger's store testified to selling shells to Santiago Ruiz, the father, in October, 1914.
The jury was completed shortly before noon after seventeen of the special venire of thirty men had been examined. The membership of the jury follows: Charles Sanchez, Earl Boudin, George A. Jones, V. B. Garcia, Amador Perez, Juan Garcia, Ed Sackett, Chinita Springer, Filomeno Sanchez, Vicente Garcia, Miguel Maniz and E. Chavez.
Dr. C. A. Frank was one of the last witnesses called by the state last night. He performed the autopsy. Dr. Frank found a large number of shot wounds on the front part of the body and a large wound on top of the left shoulder. Death was due to shock and hemorrhage, he said.
Both District Attorney Manuel F. Vigil and Assistant District Attorney Harry B. Connell are conducting the case for the state.
The case probably will be finished today.

JURY COMPLETE BEFORE NOON

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MAN WHO SWUNG AT POLICEMAN IS FINED IN POLICE COURT

Anthony Klein was fined \$15 yesterday by Police Judge Craig. Klein and A. Beria came to grips Sunday when the former tried to get into the latter's home against Beria's wishes, it was said. When Policeman N. M. Miller arrived, responding to a hurry call, he found Klein and Beria struggling on the sidewalk.
Klein started to the station with Miller but after a short distance he swung at the policeman. Miller brought his club into play. Klein appeared in court with a bandage on his head. Klein is a talk wagon driver.

PAVING COMMITTEE IS GIVEN ENCOURAGEMENT. COL. SELLERS REPORTS

The commercial club's committee, feeling out the sentiment of property owners on East Central avenue toward paving that street to the university, was given great encouragement yesterday. Colonel Sellers said. The committee will continue its work today, securing signatures for petitions favorable to the paving which will be presented to the county road board and state highway commission.

MORE TERRITORY NEEDED

Output of Western Auto Factory Increased Fourfold. New Car in New Mexico.
The Board of Directors of the Jones Motor Car Co. of Wichita, Kansas, a short time ago made appropriations for a large factory plant to replace the present crowded quarters.
This move made possible the new price of \$285 to replace the \$1,179 price of the 1914 Jones Six. The new price was made public October 7 and since that time it has been possible to supply the demand for the Jones Six. Arrangements for the new plant are nearly completed and will be coming in full force within a few days.
The new production manager, Mr. W. A. King, arrived a few days ago and has made many favorable efficiency changes in the manufacturing department as a result of fourteen years' successful production management in the large eastern factories.
The new portion of the 1915 output of the Jones Six factory was marketed in Kansas and Oklahoma and up until this time the same has been brought out about July 1. With the enormous increase in output, the Jones Six must have more territory, beginning at once the territory of Colorado, New Mexico and Texas will be organized and later will extend on to the west coast.
Automobile people are very optimistic regarding the Jones Motor Car Co. at this time and the general opinion prevails that in a very short time it will hold a place among the first in the production of automobiles.
J. J. Jones, president of the Jones Motor Car Co., is generally known over the southwest from his long connection with the Ford company and his able direction has built up an organization second to none so far as quality goes.
The Jones Six car bears all the rugged earmarks of the west, strength and sturdiness, with beauty and speed combined—being a standard built car all the way through. It is nothing experimental and is living up to its slogan with unusual rapidity. "Watch it cover the west."

CALL FOR BIDS.

Sealed bids will be received at the office of the county clerk of Bernalillo county, New Mexico, up to ten o'clock in the forenoon of Wednesday, the 10th day of November, 1915, for the extension of the diversion dam on the west bank of the Rio Grande, above the Barillas bridges, by adding 25 piles 12 feet 23 feet long and 12 piles 12 feet 23 feet long from the lower end of said dam, making an extension of the same 90 feet in length, in accordance with specifications furnished by Pitt Ross, county surveyor. Said work to be done under the supervision and to the satisfaction of said county surveyor.
The successful bidder will be required to give bond, satisfactory to the board of county commissioners, conditioned for the faithful performance of the contract.
The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.
By order of the board of county commissioners, A. E. WALKER, Clerk.

FOR RENT—Room, 25x50, facing alley in business section, suitable for plumbing or tin shop, or storage; heat and water included. Apply this office.

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ENJOY TO SPEAK T TEACHERS OF COUNTY SATURDAY

Head of Silver City Normal School to Address Bernalillo Educators; Superintendent White Expected.

E. L. Enloe, president of the Silver City normal school, as the principal speaker at a meeting of the Bernalillo County Teachers' association here Saturday. Allan N. White, superintendent of public instruction for the state, also is expected to attend the meeting and make a speech to the educators.
The meeting will be held in the high school auditorium and will commence at 1:30 p. m. A program of musical and literary numbers will be rendered. The meeting is one of a series being held by the association, and is expected to be quite successful, as its predecessors have even promise of a number of interesting and instructive sessions this year.
The coming of president Enloe is looked upon as a distinct achievement for the association, as he is known as a progressive educator and probably will advance several new ideas. Mr. Enloe is a pleasing speaker and his address is expected to be of great interest to the teachers, though they have been registering nearly 100 per cent attendance at former meetings.

MESSANGER, CHARGED WITH STABBING BOY, ARRESTED BY POLICE

Lloyd Rogers, 17 years old, was arrested last night by Sergeant Ed Donahue, charged with stabbing another boy named Navarette. Both are teenagers employed by the Postal company.
Navarette told Donahue that he was playing and that Rogers became angered and lunged at him. He was wounded in the left arm below the elbow. The cut is not deep.

EMPLOYEES OF SHOW ADVERTISING CAR ARE PAID SALARIES HERE

Ed C. Warner, general manager of the Sals-Flo shows, and his private secretary, J. K. Green, were here yesterday to pay off the employees of advertising car No. 1. It was said that \$7,000 were paid out in salaries. Mr. Warner and Mr. Green will return next Monday to pay off the employees of car No. 2.

MORA COUNTY MAKING BIG BEAN SHIPMENTS

Special Correspondence to Morning Journal.
Santa Fe, Oct. 25.—Four carloads of Mexican beans were shipped last week from Rio Mora county. Five cars leaving on one train. Although 75 cars will be shipped. The price received is \$3.25 per hundred. George Cable at Rio Mora, 2140 Lumbard street, has been in the bean business for 25 years and he took up a homestead and in six years more he expects to retire independently wealthy.
Freight shipments have increased to such an extent from Rio Mora, the main base of the production of such beans and other dry farming products, that the Rio Mora & Southwestern has found it necessary to build a freight platform and to reserve part of its big wood house entirely for handling of such freight. Six bean threshers are working hard and late to handle the bumper bean crop grown on the eastern Mora county mesa.

Santa Fe Personals.

Santa Fe, Oct. 25.—Mrs. Peter M. A. Leitch left last evening to join her husband at Salt Lake City, where he is examining an insurance company for the insurance department. From Salt Lake City, Mr. and Mrs. Leitch will go to the Pacific coast to visit the exhibition.
S. V. Nelson returned today from Zuni, where he had been making an archaeological reconnaissance. He expects to leave shortly with Mrs. Nelson for his home in New York, where he is attending to the scientific papers of the American Museum of Natural History.
Rev. B. Z. McCullough, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, left today for Chicago and New York in an emergency. He is expected to hold a hospital on the Navajo reservation.

LET US SEND A MAN

To Replace That Broken Window Glass
ALBUQUERQUE LUMBER COMPANY
Phone 421 423 N. First

MRS. GOODNER

Nicely Furnished Steam Heated Front Room; also Excellent Table Board
317 SOUTH THIRD ST.

LET US SEND A MAN

To Replace That Broken Window Glass
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ENORMOUS INCREASE IN METAL PRODUCTION

Special Correspondence to Morning Journal.
Santa Fe, Oct. 25.—The steel industry in New Mexico has experienced an enormous increase in production in the past few years. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1914 was valued at \$1,179,000, or about \$1,179,000 more than in 1913. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1915 was valued at \$2,179,000, or about \$2,179,000 more than in 1914. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1916 is expected to be valued at \$3,179,000, or about \$3,179,000 more than in 1915. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1917 is expected to be valued at \$4,179,000, or about \$4,179,000 more than in 1916. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1918 is expected to be valued at \$5,179,000, or about \$5,179,000 more than in 1917. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1919 is expected to be valued at \$6,179,000, or about \$6,179,000 more than in 1918. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1920 is expected to be valued at \$7,179,000, or about \$7,179,000 more than in 1919. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1921 is expected to be valued at \$8,179,000, or about \$8,179,000 more than in 1920. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1922 is expected to be valued at \$9,179,000, or about \$9,179,000 more than in 1921. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1923 is expected to be valued at \$10,179,000, or about \$10,179,000 more than in 1922. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1924 is expected to be valued at \$11,179,000, or about \$11,179,000 more than in 1923. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1925 is expected to be valued at \$12,179,000, or about \$12,179,000 more than in 1924. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1926 is expected to be valued at \$13,179,000, or about \$13,179,000 more than in 1925. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1927 is expected to be valued at \$14,179,000, or about \$14,179,000 more than in 1926. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1928 is expected to be valued at \$15,179,000, or about \$15,179,000 more than in 1927. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1929 is expected to be valued at \$16,179,000, or about \$16,179,000 more than in 1928. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1930 is expected to be valued at \$17,179,000, or about \$17,179,000 more than in 1929. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1931 is expected to be valued at \$18,179,000, or about \$18,179,000 more than in 1930. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1932 is expected to be valued at \$19,179,000, or about \$19,179,000 more than in 1931. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1933 is expected to be valued at \$20,179,000, or about \$20,179,000 more than in 1932. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1934 is expected to be valued at \$21,179,000, or about \$21,179,000 more than in 1933. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1935 is expected to be valued at \$22,179,000, or about \$22,179,000 more than in 1934. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1936 is expected to be valued at \$23,179,000, or about \$23,179,000 more than in 1935. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1937 is expected to be valued at \$24,179,000, or about \$24,179,000 more than in 1936. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1938 is expected to be valued at \$25,179,000, or about \$25,179,000 more than in 1937. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1939 is expected to be valued at \$26,179,000, or about \$26,179,000 more than in 1938. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1940 is expected to be valued at \$27,179,000, or about \$27,179,000 more than in 1939. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1941 is expected to be valued at \$28,179,000, or about \$28,179,000 more than in 1940. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1942 is expected to be valued at \$29,179,000, or about \$29,179,000 more than in 1941. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1943 is expected to be valued at \$30,179,000, or about \$30,179,000 more than in 1942. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1944 is expected to be valued at \$31,179,000, or about \$31,179,000 more than in 1943. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1945 is expected to be valued at \$32,179,000, or about \$32,179,000 more than in 1944. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1946 is expected to be valued at \$33,179,000, or about \$33,179,000 more than in 1945. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1947 is expected to be valued at \$34,179,000, or about \$34,179,000 more than in 1946. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1948 is expected to be valued at \$35,179,000, or about \$35,179,000 more than in 1947. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1949 is expected to be valued at \$36,179,000, or about \$36,179,000 more than in 1948. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1950 is expected to be valued at \$37,179,000, or about \$37,179,000 more than in 1949. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1951 is expected to be valued at \$38,179,000, or about \$38,179,000 more than in 1950. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1952 is expected to be valued at \$39,179,000, or about \$39,179,000 more than in 1951. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1953 is expected to be valued at \$40,179,000, or about \$40,179,000 more than in 1952. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1954 is expected to be valued at \$41,179,000, or about \$41,179,000 more than in 1953. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1955 is expected to be valued at \$42,179,000, or about \$42,179,000 more than in 1954. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1956 is expected to be valued at \$43,179,000, or about \$43,179,000 more than in 1955. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1957 is expected to be valued at \$44,179,000, or about \$44,179,000 more than in 1956. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1958 is expected to be valued at \$45,179,000, or about \$45,179,000 more than in 1957. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1959 is expected to be valued at \$46,179,000, or about \$46,179,000 more than in 1958. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1960 is expected to be valued at \$47,179,000, or about \$47,179,000 more than in 1959. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1961 is expected to be valued at \$48,179,000, or about \$48,179,000 more than in 1960. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1962 is expected to be valued at \$49,179,000, or about \$49,179,000 more than in 1961. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1963 is expected to be valued at \$50,179,000, or about \$50,179,000 more than in 1962. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1964 is expected to be valued at \$51,179,000, or about \$51,179,000 more than in 1963. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1965 is expected to be valued at \$52,179,000, or about \$52,179,000 more than in 1964. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1966 is expected to be valued at \$53,179,000, or about \$53,179,000 more than in 1965. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1967 is expected to be valued at \$54,179,000, or about \$54,179,000 more than in 1966. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1968 is expected to be valued at \$55,179,000, or about \$55,179,000 more than in 1967. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1969 is expected to be valued at \$56,179,000, or about \$56,179,000 more than in 1968. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1970 is expected to be valued at \$57,179,000, or about \$57,179,000 more than in 1969. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1971 is expected to be valued at \$58,179,000, or about \$58,179,000 more than in 1970. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1972 is expected to be valued at \$59,179,000, or about \$59,179,000 more than in 1971. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1973 is expected to be valued at \$60,179,000, or about \$60,179,000 more than in 1972. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1974 is expected to be valued at \$61,179,000, or about \$61,179,000 more than in 1973. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1975 is expected to be valued at \$62,179,000, or about \$62,179,000 more than in 1974. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1976 is expected to be valued at \$63,179,000, or about \$63,179,000 more than in 1975. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1977 is expected to be valued at \$64,179,000, or about \$64,179,000 more than in 1976. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1978 is expected to be valued at \$65,179,000, or about \$65,179,000 more than in 1977. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1979 is expected to be valued at \$66,179,000, or about \$66,179,000 more than in 1978. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1980 is expected to be valued at \$67,179,000, or about \$67,179,000 more than in 1979. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1981 is expected to be valued at \$68,179,000, or about \$68,179,000 more than in 1980. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1982 is expected to be valued at \$69,179,000, or about \$69,179,000 more than in 1981. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1983 is expected to be valued at \$70,179,000, or about \$70,179,000 more than in 1982. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1984 is expected to be valued at \$71,179,000, or about \$71,179,000 more than in 1983. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1985 is expected to be valued at \$72,179,000, or about \$72,179,000 more than in 1984. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1986 is expected to be valued at \$73,179,000, or about \$73,179,000 more than in 1985. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1987 is expected to be valued at \$74,179,000, or about \$74,179,000 more than in 1986. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1988 is expected to be valued at \$75,179,000, or about \$75,179,000 more than in 1987. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1989 is expected to be valued at \$76,179,000, or about \$76,179,000 more than in 1988. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1990 is expected to be valued at \$77,179,000, or about \$77,179,000 more than in 1989. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1991 is expected to be valued at \$78,179,000, or about \$78,179,000 more than in 1990. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1992 is expected to be valued at \$79,179,000, or about \$79,179,000 more than in 1991. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1993 is expected to be valued at \$80,179,000, or about \$80,179,000 more than in 1992. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1994 is expected to be valued at \$81,179,000, or about \$81,179,000 more than in 1993. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1995 is expected to be valued at \$82,179,000, or about \$82,179,000 more than in 1994. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1996 is expected to be valued at \$83,179,000, or about \$83,179,000 more than in 1995. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1997 is expected to be valued at \$84,179,000, or about \$84,179,000 more than in 1996. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1998 is expected to be valued at \$85,179,000, or about \$85,179,000 more than in 1997. The production of steel in New Mexico in 1999 is expected to be valued at \$86,179,000, or about \$86,179,000 more than in 1998. The production of steel in New Mexico in 2000 is expected to be valued at \$87,179,000, or about \$87,179,000 more than in 1999. The production of steel in New Mexico in 2001 is expected to be valued at \$88,179,000, or about \$88,179,000 more than in 2000. The production of steel in New Mexico in 2002 is expected to be valued at \$89,179,000, or about \$89,179,000 more than in 2001. The production of steel in New Mexico in 2003 is expected to be valued at \$90,179,000, or about \$90,179,000 more than in 2002. The production of steel in New Mexico in 2004 is expected to be valued at \$91,179,000, or about \$91,179,000 more than in 2003. The production of steel in New Mexico in 2005 is expected to be valued at \$92,179,000, or about \$92,179,000 more than in 2004. The production of steel in New Mexico in 2006 is expected to be valued at \$93,179,000, or about \$93,179,000 more than in 2005. The production of steel in New Mexico in 2007 is expected to be valued at \$94,179,000, or about \$94,179,000 more than in 2006. The production of steel in New Mexico in 2008 is expected to be valued at \$95,179,000, or about \$95,179,000 more than in 2007. The production of steel in New Mexico in 2009 is expected to be valued at \$96,179,000, or about \$96,179,000 more than in 2008. The production of steel in New Mexico in 2010 is expected to be valued at \$97,179,000, or about \$97,179,000 more than in 2009. The production of steel in New Mexico in 2011 is expected to be valued at \$98,179,000, or about \$98,179,000 more than in 2010. The production of steel in New Mexico in 2012 is expected to be valued at \$99,179,000, or about \$99,179,000 more than in 2011. The production of steel in New Mexico in 2013 is expected to be valued at \$100,179,000, or about \$100,179,000 more than in